Enzymes Virtual Lab

Today you will be learning about enzymes and their role in chemical reactions. Go to the website:

http://www.phschool.com/science/biology_place/labbench/lab2/intro.html

Read the page and then click on "next."

A	nswer the	following	g questions	by goin	ıg througl	ı the pages.
1.	What is	the functi	on of an ena	zvme?		

		What is the falleness of an enzyme.
 What does it mean by enzymes being "specific"? What does catalase do? Use the terms substrate and product in your response. How can you tell that catalase has been added to hydrogen peroxide? What are enzymes? Why is the active site specific for only one type of substrate? Draw a schematic model of an enzyme. What happens when a substrate with a different shape from the active site tries to enter the active s What are 2 important influences on enzymatic activity? What happens when these factors are signialtered? a. b. Provide 2 examples of enzymes and the pH of the environment in which it works. 	2.	What is a substrate?
 What does catalase do? Use the terms substrate and product in your response. How can you tell that catalase has been added to hydrogen peroxide? What are enzymes? Why is the active site specific for only one type of substrate? Draw a schematic model of an enzyme. What happens when a substrate with a different shape from the active site tries to enter the active s What are 2 important influences on enzymatic activity? What happens when these factors are signialtered? a. b. Provide 2 examples of enzymes and the pH of the environment in which it works. 	3.	What happens to the enzyme and the substrate during a chemical reaction?
 6. How can you tell that catalase has been added to hydrogen peroxide? 7. What are enzymes? 8. Why is the active site specific for only one type of substrate? 9. Draw a schematic model of an enzyme. 10. What happens when a substrate with a different shape from the active site tries to enter the active s 11. What are 2 important influences on enzymatic activity? What happens when these factors are signialtered? a. b. 12. Provide 2 examples of enzymes and the pH of the environment in which it works. 	4.	What does it mean by enzymes being "specific"?
 What are enzymes? Why is the active site specific for only one type of substrate? Draw a schematic model of an enzyme. What happens when a substrate with a different shape from the active site tries to enter the active s What are 2 important influences on enzymatic activity? What happens when these factors are signialtered? a. b. Provide 2 examples of enzymes and the pH of the environment in which it works. 	5.	What does catalase do? Use the terms substrate and product in your response.
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		b.
13. Describe the effect of temperature on enzyme function.	12.	Provide 2 examples of enzymes and the pH of the environment in which it works.
	13.	Describe the effect of temperature on enzyme function.

Virtual Lab: Enzyme controlled reactions

Go to the website:

 $\frac{http://www.glencoe.com/sites/common_assets/advanced_placement/mader10e/virtual_labs_2K8/labs/BL_02/index.html}{tml}$

<u>In this experiment you will determine the effects of substrate concentration and pH on the initial rate of an enzyme-catalyzed reaction.</u>

- 14. What is different in people who suffer from lactose intolerance when compared with "normal individuals"?
- 15. Read the objectives and procedures. Click the monitor and watch the video about enzyme action. Summarize the video below in a few sentences...

Conduct the experiment based on the directions specified under procedures.

- ✓ In test tube 1, adjust the pH to 3; test tube 2, adjust the pH to 5; test tube 3, leave the pH at 7; test tube 4, adjust the pH to 9 and in test tube 5, adjust the pH to 11.
- ✓ Add 0.5 g of substrate in each of the 5 test tubes.
- 16. Why was 0.5g of substrate added to all of the tubes instead of varying amounts of substrate?
- 17. What is the independent variable in this experiment?
- 18. What is the dependent variable in this experiment?

Record the data in the data table and in the data table below and repeat the experiment again using the 1.0g lactose. Record your results in the data table and the table below.

Repeat the experiment again using 2.0g lactose. Record the data in the data table and in the data table below. **Repeat the experiment again** using 4.0g lactose. Record the data in the data table and in the data table below.

Repeat the experiment again using 8.0g lactose. Record the data in the data table and in the data table below.

Amount of substrate	рН3	pH5	pH7	рН9	pH11
0.5g					
1.0g					
2.0g					
4.0g					
8.0g					

- 19. When your online data table is complete, click on "graph". Draw the graph on the ½ graph paper provided and staple to this sheet.
- 20. By looking at your graph, what was the optimum amount of substrate for this reaction and how do you know?
- 21. By looking at your graph, what was the optimum pH level for this reaction and how do you know?
- 22. People with lactose intolerance are able to take products such as Lactaid that contain the lactase enzyme with their meals. These products can be taken in pill form. Considering the fact that the pill form of the enzyme would have to travel through the person's stomach, what special consideration would the producer of this product need to be concerned about? (Hint: what's in your stomach that breaks down your food)