TRANSLATION

Translation: mRNA \rightarrow Protein

- 1. The process by which ______ creates proteins by translating the instructions on the mRNA strand into a chain of ______.
- 2. Every sequence of 3 mRNA nucleotides is called a _____, and each amino acid is coded for by one or more codons
- 3. _____ move down the mRNA strand, adding amino acids as it translates each codon

The amino acid chain begins to take shape as it is forming and becomes a protein

4. The amino acid chain is completed when the ribosome reads a ______

- 5. What are proteins composed of?
- 6. In a molecule of double-stranded DNA, the amount of guanine (G) present will always be equal to the amount of what other nitrogen containing base?
- 7. What is a codon?
- 8. Explain what the process of translation is
- 9. What organelle is responsible for translating mRNA into amino acids in order to create proteins

Codon tables are used to translate nucleotides of mRNA into amino acids of a protein

Second Base in Codon

Third Base in Codon

_					
	U	с	Α	G	
U	Phenylalnine (Phe)	Serine (Ser)	Tyrosine (Tyr)	Cysteine (Cys)	U
	Phenylalnine (Phe)	Serine (Ser)	Tyrosine (Tyr)	Cysteine (Cys)	С
	Leucine (Leu)	Serine (Ser)	Stop Codon	Stop Codon	Α
	Leucine (Leu)	Serine (Ser)	Stop Codon	Tryptophan (Trp)	G
C	Leucine (Leu)	Proline (Pro)	Histidine (His)	Arginine (Arg)	U
	Leucine (Leu)	Proline (Pro)	Histidine (His)	Arginine (Arg)	с
	Leucine (Leu)	Proline (Pro)	Glutamine (Glu)	Arginine (Arg)	Α
	Leucine (Leu)	Proline (Pro)	Glutamine (Glu)	Arginine (Arg)	G
	Isoleucine (Ile)	Threonine (Thr)	Asparagine (Asn)	Serine (Ser)	U
	Isoleucine (Ile)	Threonine (Thr)	Asparagine (Asn)	Serine (Ser)	С
	Isoleucine (Ile)	Threonine (Thr)	Lysine (Lys)	Arginine (Arg)	Α
	Methionine (Met)	Threonine (Thr)	Lysine (Lys)	Arginine (Arg)	G
	Valine (Val)	Alanine (Ala)	Aspartic Acid (Asp)	Glycine (Gly)	U
G	Valine (Val)	Alanine (Ala)	Aspartic Acid (Asp)	Glycine (Gly)	С
	Valine (Val)	Alanine (Ala)	Glutamic Acid (Glu)	Glycine (Gly)	A
	Valine (Val)	Alanine (Ala)	Glutamic Acid (Glu)	Glycine (Gly)	G

Practice: use the codon table above to figure out what amino acids would form

- 1) AUG
- 2) GUA-CGA-GCA
- 3) ACGAGCUGA